Final exam review

A. Algebra Review

1.
$$(-7)^2$$
2. -5^2 3. $45 + (3 \times 4 - 5)$ 4. $30 \div (5 \bullet 3 - 9)$ 5. $[3 - (2 + 4(5 - 3) + 4)]$ 6. $(5 - 2)(7 - 11)$ 7. $3\frac{2}{3} \div 5\frac{5}{3}$ 8. $4\frac{1}{3} - 2\frac{2}{5}$ 9. $1\frac{2}{7} \bullet 4\frac{3}{5}$ 10. $4\frac{2}{3} \div 1\frac{4}{12}$ 11. $\frac{-20 - (-3)[(-2)^2 - (-2)^3]}{-2(3) + 2}$ 12. $x^2 \bullet x^4$ 13. $x^3y^4 \bullet 5x^4y^2$ 14. $(3x^2y)^3$

15.
$$(3xy^2)^2(2x^3y)^3$$
 16. $\frac{4x^3}{2x}$ 17. $\frac{(3x^3y^2)^2}{(3^2x^4y)}$

18. $4x + 7x - 12x$	19. $3x^2 - 2x + 6x^2 + 3x$
20. $(5x + 3) - (2x + 4)$	21. $(7xy+4x^2-5y)-(2x^2+5xy-4y)$
22. 2(3x + 5)	23. $-6x(2x+3)$
24. $(3x - 1)(2x + 4)$	25. $(3x - 1)^2$
$26.\frac{12x^3 + 6x - 9x^2}{3x}$	$27.(3a^2b - 6a^2b^2 + 9a^2b^3) \div (-3a^2b)$

- B. Problem Solving:
 - 1. Translate the following into into an algebraic expression
 - a) 6 less than 3 times a number
 - b) 12 more than $\frac{1}{2}$ a number
 - 2. Translate the following into an equation:
 - a) The sum of a number a 6 is 20.
 - b) The difference between a number and 12 is 40.
 - c) The product of 3 and a number is 24
 - d) Four times a number increased by 6 is equal to 9
 - 3. Solve the following equations:

a) $5x = 15$	b) $2x - 6 = 12$
b) $3x - 5 = 2x + 6$	d) $9y + 6 = 4y + 2$
e) $3/5x = 6$	f) $2(x+6) = 4(3x-5)$

- g) 3.5x 2.7 = 4.4x + 2.8 h) -.2(-3.1x + .46) = 1.9
- i) 2/3x+1/2 = 5/4
- 4. Solve the following problems:
 - 1. When 12 is subtracted from a certain number the difference is 20.

What

is the number?

- 2. When 8 is added to 4 times a certain number, the result is 23 more than the number. What is the number?
- 3. The sum of two consecutive integers is 15. What are the integers?
- 4. The sum of two odd integers is 28. What are the integers?
- 5. The perimeter of a rectangle is 64 m. The length is 8 more than the width. What is the length of the rectangle?
- C. Graphing Inequalities
 - $1.3x 5 \ge 13 \qquad 2. -2x + 3 < 11$
 - 3. -4 < 2x + 1 < 9
- D. Using Formulas
 - 1. Solve for h: $V = 4 / 3\pi rr^2 h$ 2. Solve for n: l = a + (n 1) d
- E. Coordinate Plane
 - 1. Construct and label the graph of {(-2, 3), (4, 6), (-5, -7), (-5, 3), (4, -6)}
 - 2. In which quadrant is the point (-2, -3)?
 - 3. Identify the following as a function or a relation?
 - a) $\{(-2, 3), (-2, 4)\}$ b) $\{(3, -2), (4, -2)\}$ c)





e) State the domain and range of the following functions:



- f) Determine the slope of the following:
 - 1. line joining the points (3, 4) and (-3, 8)
 - 2. line with equation 3x + 4y = 7
 - 3. line parallel to a line with slope of -2/3
 - 4. line perpendicular to a line with slope of 5/4



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6. slope of a horizontal line? A vertical line?

- g) Determine the x and y intercepts for the following equation: 5x + 6y = 30
- h) Determine the slope and the y-intercept of the equation 7x 3y = 12
- i) Graph the following equations using the indicated method:
 - 1. 2x + y = 6 (using a table of values)
 - 2. 3x + 4y = 12 (using x and y intercepts)
 - 3. 3x + 2y = 6 (using slope intercept method)
- j) Determine the equation of a line given:
 - 1. m = 2, b = 6
 - 2. m = -3/4, (0, 4)
 - 3. $m = \frac{3}{4}, (4, 5)$
 - 4. points (3, 4) and (2, -5)
 - 5. through (1, -5) and parallel to y = 5/4x 1
- k) Scatter plots
 - 1. Draw a scatter plot of the following data:

Time (h)	0	1	5	8	10	13	18
Number of	20	67	120	190	230	320	520
bacteria							

- 2. Draw a line of best fit
- 3. Determine the linear regression equation and compare to your answer.

F. Variation

1. Which of the following represents a direct variation?



- 2. What is the constant of variation in the equation 3y = 6x?
- 3. Solve:

a) $\frac{4}{7} = \frac{x}{12}$ b) $\frac{6}{5} = \frac{18}{x}$ c) if x varies directly as y and x = 2 when y

8, find x when y = 16.

- 4. The cost of parking at a meter in Saskatoon varies directly as the amount of time you are parked at the meter. If you paid \$6.05 for five and a half hours. how much would you three hours cost?
- 5. Which equation represents a partial variation?

a) y = 4x + 6 b) y = 3xc) 4x + 5y = -14

- 6. The toll charge to use a toll bridge is based on a constant fee for vehicle plus \$0.85 per person. The charge for a van with nine people is \$26.00. What is the equation that represents the total charge and what was the charge for the van?
- G. Geometry:
 - 1. Draw the symbol representation for a point, line, segment, ray. Angle
 - 2. Identify from the diagram
 - a) transversal
 - b) corresponding angles
 - c) adjacent angles
 - d) supplementary angles
 - e) alternate interior angles
 - f) alternate exterior angles
 - g) same side interior
 - h) acute angle
 - i) obtuse angle
 - i) vertically opposite angles



3. Determine the measure of the indicated angle:



- d) The measure of one complementary is 10 less than 4 times the other angle. Find the measure of each angle.
- e) Two supplementary angles have measures of (5x 12) and (2x 18). Find the measure of each.
- I.. Constructions:



J. Polygons

- 1. Draw a diagram for each of the following: isosceles triangle, equilateral triangle, right triangle, square , parallelogram. obtuse triangle, rectangle, trapezoid, pentagon, rhombus, isosceles trapezoid, scalene triangle, non-convex polygon.
- 2. Determine the sum of the interior angles in a regular polygon of 8 sides, of 12 sides and of 24 sides.
- 3. Determine the number of sides of the polygon if the sum of the interior angles is 2160 degrees, 2700 degrees, and 4140 degrees.
- 4. Determine the size of each interior angle if the sum of all the interior angles is 3600 degrees, and 5220 degrees.
- 5. Determine how many diagonals can be drawn in a five sides figure, a 7 sided figure and a 10 sides figure.
- 6. Determine the size of the central angle is regular polygon of 6 sides, of 10 sides and of 14 sides.
- 7. The sum of all the exterior angles in a regular polygon is always _____
- 8. Determine the size of each exterior angle of a 8 sides polygon, a 12 sides polygon and of a 20 sides polygon.
- 9. Solve for "x" a)





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- K. Right Triangles
 - a) Do the following dimensions represent a right triangle? 1) 12, 16, and 20 2) 20, 30 and 40
 - b) Find the missing dimension using the right triangle theorem



c) Use Trig functions to determine the missing parts of the following triangles

