

Derivative Exam

A. Find the derivative of each of the following:

$$1. f(x) = 9 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 0$$

$$2. f(x) = 5x \Rightarrow f'(x) = 5$$

$$3. f(x) = x^6 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 6x^5$$

$$4. f(x) = 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} \Rightarrow f'(x) = 2 \cdot \frac{5}{3} x^{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{10}{3} x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$5. f(x) = \frac{1}{x^4} = x^{-4} \Rightarrow f'(x) = -4x^{-5} = \frac{-4}{x^5}$$

$$6. f(x) = \sqrt[5]{x^2} = x^{\frac{2}{5}} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{2}{5} x^{-\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{2}{5x^{\frac{3}{5}}}$$

$$7. f(x) = 5^x \Rightarrow f'(x) = 5^x \ln 5$$

$$8. f(x) = 3^{7x} \Rightarrow f'(x) = 3^{7x} \ln 3 \cdot 7$$

$$9. f(x) = e^{x^2} \Rightarrow f'(x) = e^{x^2} \cdot 2x$$

$$10. f(x) = \ln x \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$11. f(x) = \ln(3x^2) \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{3x^2} \cdot 6x = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$12. f(x) = \log_4 x \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{x \ln 4}$$

$$13. f(x) = \sin(3x^2) \Rightarrow f'(x) = \cos(3x^2) \cdot 6x$$

$$14. f(x) = \cos x^3 \Rightarrow f'(x) = -\sin x^3 \cdot 3x^2$$

$$15. f(x) = \sin^3(x^2) \Rightarrow 3\sin^2(x^2)\cos(x^2) \cdot 2x$$

B. Determine the first derivative:

$$1. f(x) = 5x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x - 3 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 15x^2 - 4x + 5$$

$$f(x) = \ln(2x^2 - 5)^3 \Rightarrow$$

$$2. \quad f'(x) = 3\ln(2x^2 - 5)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{(2x^2 - 5)} \cdot 4x = 12x\ln(2x^2 - 5)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{(2x^2 - 5)}$$

$$3. \quad f(x) = 7^{5x^3 - 3x + 6} \Rightarrow f'(x) = 7^{5x^3 - 3x + 6} \cdot \ln 7 \cdot (15x^2 - 3)$$

$$4. \quad f(x) = \log_6(6x^5 - 7x) \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{(6x^5 - 7x)\ln 6} \cdot (30x^4 - 7)$$

$$5. \quad f(x) = e^{5x-7} \Rightarrow f'(x) = e^{5x-7} \cdot 5$$

$$6. \quad f(x) = \cos(6x^3 - 2x + 1)^3 \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = 3\cos(6x^3 - 2x + 1)^2 \cdot (-\sin(6x^3 - 2x + 1)) \cdot (18x^2 - 2)$$

$$7. \quad f(x) = \ln(\sin(5^{3x+2})) \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sin(5^{3x+2})} \cdot \cos(5^{3x+2}) \cdot 5^{3x+2} \cdot \ln 5 \cdot 3$$

$$f(x) = \ln(3x)e^{4x} \Rightarrow$$

$$8. \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{3x} \cdot 3 \cdot e^{4x} + e^{4x} \cdot 4 \cdot \ln(3x) = e^{4x} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 4 \cdot \ln(3x) \right) = e^{4x} \left(\frac{1 + 4x \cdot \ln(3x)}{x} \right)$$

$$f(x) = \log_3 x^2 \sin(5x) \Rightarrow$$

$$9. \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{\ln 3 \cdot x^2} \cdot 2x \cdot \sin(5x) + \cos(5x) \cdot 5 \cdot \log_3 x^2 =$$

$$\frac{2}{\ln 3 \cdot x} \cdot \sin(5x) + \cos(5x) \cdot 5 \cdot \log_3 x^2$$

$$f(x) = (4x^3 + 5)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x - 7)^4 \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{3}(4x^3 + 5)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 12x^2 \cdot (3x - 7)^4 + 4(3x - 7)^3 \cdot 3 \cdot (4x^3 + 5)^{\frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$10. \quad (4x^3 + 5)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (3x - 7)^3 [4x^2(3x - 7) + 12(4x^3 + 5)] =$$

$$\frac{(3x - 7)^3 [60x^3 - 28x^2 + 60]}{(4x^3 + 5)^{-\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(5x-1)^3}{(7x+2)^4} = (5x-1)^3(7x+2)^{-4} \Rightarrow$$

11. $f'(x) = 3(5x-1)^2 \cdot 5 \cdot (7x+2)^{-4} + -4(7x+2)^{-5} \cdot 7 \cdot (5x-1)^3 =$
 $(5x-1)^2 \cdot (7x+2)^{-5} \cdot [15(7x+2) - 28(5x-1)] =$
 $\frac{(5x-1)^2(-25x+58)}{(7x+2)^5}$

$$f(x) = 6^{2x}(\ln x + x^2)^{-6} \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = 6^{2x} \cdot \ln 6 \cdot 2 \cdot (\ln x + x^2)^{-6} + -6(\ln x + x^2)^{-7} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} + 2x\right) \cdot 6^{2x} =$$

12. $2 \cdot 6^{2x} \cdot (\ln x + x^2)^{-7} \left[\ln 6 \cdot (\ln x + x^2) - 3\left(\frac{1}{x} + 2x\right) \right] =$
 $2 \cdot 6^{2x} \cdot (\ln x + x^2)^{-7} \left[\ln 6 \cdot (\ln x + x^2) - 3\left(\frac{1+2x^2}{x}\right) \right]$

Use the Quotient Rule:

13. $f(x) = \frac{\ln x^2}{\sin x} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2x \cdot \sin x - \cos x \cdot \ln x^2}{\sin^2 x} =$
 $\frac{\frac{2}{x} \cdot \sin x - \cos x \cdot \ln x^2}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{2 \cdot \sin x - x \cdot \cos x \cdot \ln x^2}{x \cdot \sin^2 x}$

14. $f(x) = \frac{e^{x^3}}{(3x-1)^3} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{e^{x^3} \cdot 3x^2 \cdot (3x-1)^3 - 3 \cdot (3x-1)^2 \cdot 3 \cdot e^{x^3}}{\left[(3x-1)^3\right]^2} =$
 $\frac{e^{x^3} \cdot 3 \cdot (3x-1)^2 [x^2(3x-1) - 3]}{(3x-1)^6} = \frac{e^{x^3} \cdot 3 \cdot [3x^3 - x^2 - 3]}{(3x-1)^6}$