Implicit Differentiation

- a) With respect to x
- $1. x^2y + xy^2 = 6$
- 2. $x^3 xy + y^3 = 1$
- 3. $2xy + y^2 = x + y$
- 4. $x^{2}(x-y)^{2} = x^{2} y^{2}$
- 5. $y^2 = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$
- $6. \ x^2 = \frac{x y}{x + y}$
- 7. $x = \tan y$
- 8. $x + \sin y = xy$
- b) Find the slope at the given point
- 1. $y^{2} + x^{2} = y^{4} 2x$ at (-2,-1) 2. $(x^{2} + y^{2})^{2} = (x - y)^{2}$ at (1,-1)

c) Verify that the point is on the curve and find the equations of the lines that are a) tangent and b) normal (a line perpendicular to a tangent line at the point of tangency) to the original curve.

1.
$$x^2 + xy - y^2 = 1$$
, (2,3)

2. $x^2y^2 = 9$, (-1,3)

d) Sketch each of the equations and determine the slope at the given point of the following:

1. the cissoid of Diocies - $y^2(2-x) = x^3$ at (1,1)

2.the devil's curve - $y^4 - 4y^2 = x^4 - 9x^2$ at (-3,2)